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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/598,143	11/18/2009	Michael Bauer	I550.236.101/2003P54067W	O 1554
DICKE, BILLIO	7590 04/02/201 G & CZAJA	EXAMINER		
FIFTH STREE	ΓTOWERS	VU, DAVID		
100 SOUTH FIFTH STREET, SUITE 2250 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	•		2818	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/02/2012	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/598,143	BAUER ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		DAVID VU	2818				
Period f	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 Fe	ebruary 2012					
•		action is non-final.					
·	An election was made by the applicant in response to a restriction requirement set forth during the interview on						
, —	the restriction requirement and election have been incorporated into this action.						
4)	Since this application is in condition for allowar	· ·					
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	3 O.G. 213.				
Disposi	tion of Claims						
6) 🔀 7) 🔀 8) 🔲	5) ☐ Claim(s) <u>24-45</u> is/are pending in the application. 5a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 6) ☐ Claim(s) <u>33-39</u> is/are allowed. 7) ☐ Claim(s) <u>24-32 and 40-45</u> is/are rejected. 8) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 9) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
 10) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 11) ☒ The drawing(s) filed on 27 July 2011 is/are: a) ☒ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. 							
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application Other:							

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

1. Claims 24, 26-32 and 40-44 are rejected under 35 U. S. C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Poo et al. (US 2003/0232460; hereinafter Poo).

Regarding claims 24, 27, 28 and 40, Poo, in figs. 17&18, discloses a semiconductor component comprising: a stack of semiconductor chips (10A, 10B, 10C, 10D), the semiconductor chips being arranged in a manner fixed cohesively one on top of another, the semiconductor chips, each comprising a top side and a rear side with edge sides extending there between and having contact areas 20/28/88 extending as far as the edges sides of the semiconductor chips, the contact areas having regions accessible from both the top side and the edge sides of the semiconductor chips; conductor portions extending from at least one upper edge to a lower edge of the edge sides of the semiconductor chips and electrically connecting the contact areas of the semiconductor chips of the semiconductor chips stack via at least the regions of the contact areas accessible from the edge sides of the semiconductor chips; where the electrically conductive conductor portions are arranged adhesively on the semiconductor chip edges, the semiconductor edge sides, the semiconductor top side and/or the semiconductor rear side with a freely selectable stacking order.

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The language, term, or phrase "where the conductor portions comprise an adherent plastic resist which is filled with metallic nanoparticles and is electrically conductive" (claims 28 and 40), is directed towards the process of forming the device structure. As shown in Specification of the present invention (fig. 5 and page 12, lines 25-31), "the nanoparticles are contacted with one another through to welding, while the plastic resist simultaneously evaporates". Therefore, the final structure does not comprise the adherent plastic resist. It is well settled that "product by process" limitations in claims drawn to structure are directed to the product, per se, no matter how actually made. In re Hirao, 190 USPQ 15 at 17 (footnote 3). See also, In re Brown, 173 USPQ 685; In re Luck, 177 USPQ 523; In re Fessmann, 180 USPQ 324; In re Avery, 186 USPQ 161; In re Wethheim, 191 USPQ 90 (209 USPQ 554 does not deal with this issue); In re Marosi et al., 218 USPO 289; and particularly In re Thorpe, 227 USPO 964, all of which make it clear that it is the patentability of the final product per se which must be determined in a "product by process" claim, and not the patentability of the process, and that an old or obvious product produced by a new method is not patentable as a product, whether claimed in "product by process" claims or otherwise. The above case law further makes clear that applicant has the burden of showing that the method language necessarily produces a structural difference. As such, the language only requires the device structure, which does not distinguish the invention from Poo, who teaches the structure as claimed.

Regarding claim 26, Poo discloses the semiconductor chips having a different number of contact areas at their edges ([0038]).

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*****The language, term, or phrase "the nanoparticle-filled plastic resist is soluble in a solvent" (claims 29 and 41); "where the nanoparticle-filled plastic resist is patterned by laser removal" (claims 30 and 42); "where the nanoparticle-filled plastic resist is patterned photolithographically" (claims 31 and 43); or "where the semiconductor chip stack comprises a multilayer rewiring layer comprising nanoparticle-filled electrically conductive patterned plastic resist layers and insulation layers arranged in between on the edge sides of the semiconductor chips" (claims 32 and 44), are directed towards the process of forming the device structure. It is well settled that "product by process" limitations in claims drawn to structure are directed to the product, per se, no matter how actually made. In re Hirao, 190 USPQ 15 at 17 (footnote 3). See also, In re Brown, 173 USPQ 685; In re Luck, 177 USPQ 523; In re Fessmann, 180 USPQ 324; In re Avery, 186 USPQ 161; In re Wethheim, 191 USPQ 90 (209 USPQ 554 does not deal with this issue); In re Marosi et al., 218 USPQ 289; and particularly In re Thorpe, 227 USPQ 964, all of which make it clear that it is the patentability of the final product per se which must be determined in a "product by process" claim, and not the patentability of the process, and that an old or obvious product produced by a new method is not patentable as a product, whether claimed in "product by process" claims or otherwise. The above case law further makes clear that applicant has the burden of showing that the method language necessarily produces a structural difference. As such, the language only requires the device structure, which does not distinguish the invention from Poo, who teaches the structure as claimed.

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The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented mad the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

2. Claims 25 and 45 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) as being unpatentable over Poo (US 2003/0232460) in view of Coomer (US 2003/0132527).

Poo discloses the semiconductor component as described above but fails to disclose the semiconductor chips having two or more different chip sizes. However, Coomer teaches the semiconductor chips having two or more different chip sizes (fig. 3). It would have been obvious to the ordinary artisan at the time the invention was made to further modify the invention of Poo by using the different chip sizes structure as taught by Coomer in order to increase a mounting density of the stack of semiconductor chips and further enhanced in performance.

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Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 33-39 are allowed.

4. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: the prior art of record,

either singularly or in combination, does not disclose or suggest the combination of limitations

including encapsulating the semiconductor stack with a layer made of a plastic resist which is

filled with nanoparticles; and patterning the layer to form interconnect sections between the

contact areas of the semiconductor chips stacked one on top of another.

Any comments considered necessary by applicant must be submitted no later than the

payment of the issue fee and, to avoid processing delays, should preferably accompany the issue

fee. Such submissions should be clearly labeled "Comments on Statement of Reasons for

Allowance."

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments with respect to the pending claims have been considered but are

moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

- 6. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a). A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.
- 7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to David Vu whose telephone number is (571) 272-1798. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 8:00am to 5:00pm. If attempt to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Steven Loke H can be reached on (571) 272-1657. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR, Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

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system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/DAVID VU/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2818